

The Joys of \LaTeX

A \leq 45 minute lecture, with examples, introducing the world's standard typesetting language.

Vadim Ponomarenko

Department of Mathematics and Statistics
San Diego State University

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<http://vadim.sdsu.edu/latex-reu19.pdf>
<http://vadim.sdsu.edu/latex-reu19.tex>



What is L^AT_EX?

L^AT_EX is not:

- Word processor
- Editor
- Computer program

L^AT_EX is:

- Language in which documents are specified in a logical (not physical) manner



Benefits

- Professional-looking output

Ligatures: of fluffing (MS Word) of fluffing (\LaTeX)

Kerning: Table (MS Word) Table (\LaTeX)

- math formulas, footnotes, references, tables of contents, indices, bibliographies, etc.
- Device and platform independent
- Text-based
- Encourages good organization
- Free



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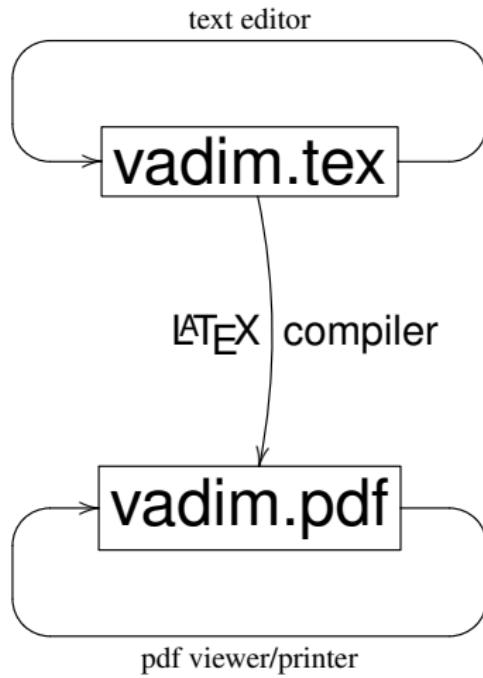
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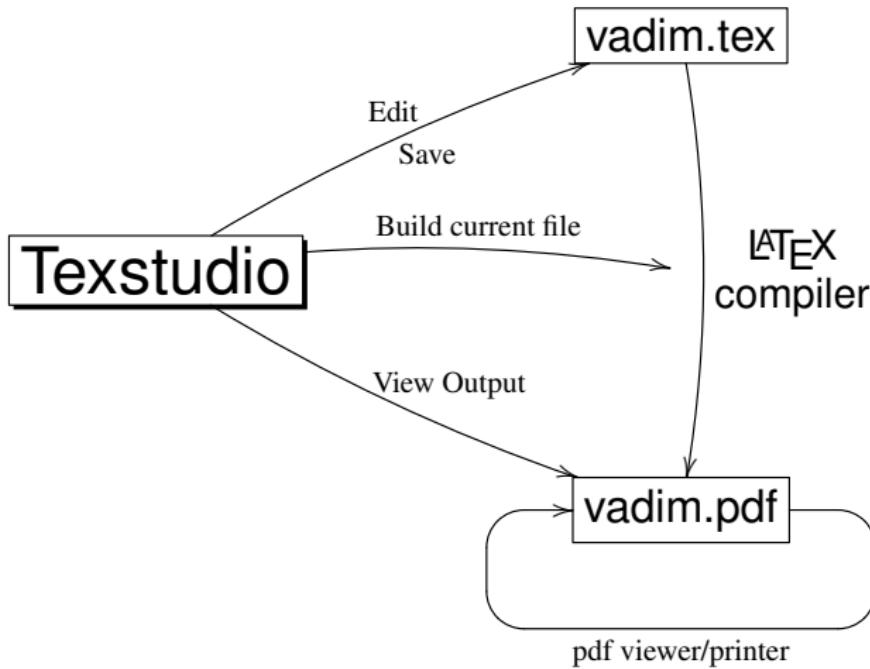
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Simplified Usage



Less Simplified Usage



Texstudio

C:\Users\gmcs422\Documents\test.tex - Texstudio

File Edit Idefix Tools LaTeX Math Wizards Bibliography Macros View Options Help

test.tex X

```
\documentclass{article}
\begin{document}
Hello world. Here is an integral: $\int_0^\infty x^{2dx}$.
\end{document}
```

Line: 4 Column: 14 INSERT

Messages Log Preview Search Results

LT en_US UTF-8 Ready Automatic 1 2 3 .pdf

Navigation icons: back, forward, search, etc.



Example 1

```
\documentclass[12pt]{letter}
\begin{document}
Don't worry about spaces or
line breaks; they are handled for you. %Comments
Math is easy: $\frac{1}{2}+\int_0^\infty x^{10}dx$.
Use \emph{this} for important words.
\end{document}
```

Don't worry about spaces or line breaks; they are handled for you. Math is easy: $\frac{1}{2} + \int_0^\infty x^{10} dx$. Use *this* for important words.



Example 2

```
\usepackage{fancybox}
\begin{document}
\Ovalbox{
  \begin{tabular}{|lr|}
    \hline left & right \\
    justified & justified \\
    \hline \end{tabular}
}
\end{document}
not compiled
```

left	right
justified	justified



Example 3

Important equations can get a number and their own line:

```
\begin{equation} 3^{2^x} \geq \mu \end{equation}
x_1 > x_2 > \cdots, x_i \in \mathbb{R},
\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}}, \sin x, \ldots
```

Important equations can get their a number and own line:

$$3^{2^x} \geq \mu \tag{1}$$

$x_1 > x_2 > \cdots, x_i \in \mathbb{R}, \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}}, \sin x, \dots$



Example 4

```
\newtheorem{vthm}{Theorem}
\begin{vthm}good theorem\label{good}\end{vthm}
\begin{proof}blah, blah\end{proof}      (amsthm)
\begin{vthm}great theorem\label{great}\end{vthm}
We now generalize Theorem \ref{good}
and Theorem \ref{great}.
```

Theorem 1. *good theorem*

Proof.

blah, blah



Theorem 2. *great theorem*

We now generalize Theorem 1 and Theorem 2.

Example 5

```
$\sum_{i=1}^7 i \hspace{1in}
\underbrace{\phantom{\sum_{i=1}^7}}_{x \rightarrow \infty} \lim x^2 \\ 
\vspace{3.6mm}

\$\\displaystyle \\lim_{x \\rightarrow \\infty}$
```

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 3i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^7 3i$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^2$$

Use ' and ' ; avoid the sweet temptation of "

Other units: in, cm, pt, weird ones like bp_(=1.00375pt),
`\textwidth`, `\pagewidth`

Example 6

```
\section{Introduction}\label{yes_you_can}
\subsection{Numbered}
\subsection*{Not Numbered}
\subsubsection{You don't need these}
\newcommand{\vadim}[2]
{\overset{\#2}{\underset{\#1}{\sum}}}
\$ \left( \vadim{i=0}{5} \right) \!\! \left. \right) \!\! \left. \right) \!\! \left. \right) \!\! \left. \right)
```

$$\left(\sum_{i=0}^5 \right) x$$



Basics

- Always load:
`amsmath, amsthm, amssymb, amsfonts`
- Often useful: `fullpage`
- All packages at: <http://www.ctan.org>



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Including Graphics

- Use package `graphicx` (not needed with Beamer), and `LaTeX => PDF`.
- For raster images (png, jpg, gif) and pdf, use:
`\includegraphics[width=2in]{vadims_image}`
No extension needed, the wrong file is picked automatically
- For vector images, convert eps to pdf using `epstopdf`.
- If it didn't work, or is misaligned, prepare to waste an afternoon. Try: `minipage`, `raisebox`, `figure`



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Beamer

- **Packages** `latex-beamer`, `pgf`, `xcolor` must be installed.
- Pick a theme, e.g. Singapore
- Most `LATEX` commands unchanged, some new ones (e.g. `\pause`)
Find other people's code and steal it.
- Manual available at:
[http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/
contrib/beamer/doc/beameruserguide.pdf](http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/contrib/beamer/doc/beameruserguide.pdf)



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BibTeX

```
\cite{lampert}
\bibliography{vadim} \bibliographystyle{plain}
```

```
@BOOK{lampert,
    author = "Leslie Lamport",
    title = "{$\backslash$LaTeX:} {A} Document ...",
    publisher = "Addison-Wesley",
    year = 1986 }
```

<http://www.ams.org/mathscinet/search>



Other Resources

The Not So Short Introduction to $\text{\LaTeX}2\epsilon$, Oetiker et al,
<http://tobi.oetiker.ch/lshort/lshort.pdf>

Online tutorial:

<http://www.tug.org/tutorials/tugindia/>

Mac users:

<http://www.cs.wright.edu/~jslater/mac-tex/mac-tex-intro/mactexintro.html>