

You will need to use Tables of  $K_a$  and  $K_b$  values to answer these questions. Tables like those given with the exams are included at the end of this document.

For more buffer questions, see the "Exam 2 A Questions" study guide.

1. What is the pH of a buffer containing 0.20 M  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$  and 0.10 M  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ ? [fall 01, ex 2]  
(a) 6.37      (b) 9.95      (c) 10.25      (d) 6.07      (e) 6.67
2. What ratio of NaF to HF is necessary to make a pH 3.90 buffer? [spr 01, ex 2]  
(a) 5.7      (b) 0.36      (c) 1.2      (d) 0.83      (e) 2.8
3. A chemist wants to make a pyridine ( $\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$ )/pyridinium ( $\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{NH}^+$ ) buffer that has a pH of 5.50. What is the ratio of  $[\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}]/[\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{NH}^+]$  needed to make this buffer? [fall 00, ex 2]  
(a) 8.5      (b) 1.8      (c) 0.11      (d) 0.56      (e) 0.90
4. What is the pH of a buffer solution containing 0.30 M  $\text{NH}_3$  and 0.10 M  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ ? [spr 00, ex 2]  
(a) 8.77      (b) 9.25      (c) 9.73      (d) 5.22      (e) 4.26
5. You want to make a pH = 9.00  $\text{NH}_3/\text{NH}_4^+$  buffer. How many grams of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  (s) do you need to add to 1.0 L of a 0.10 M  $\text{NH}_3$  solution to make this buffer. (Assume the volume doesn't change upon addition of the  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ .) MW of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  = 53.49 g/mol. [spr 00, ex 2]  
(a) 2.9 g      (b) 5.6 g      (c) 0.18 g      (d) 3.8 g      (e) 9.6 g
6. For what pH range could you use a mixture of  $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$  and  $\text{K}_2\text{HPO}_4$  to make a buffer solution? [Fall 02, ex 2]  
(a) pH 2.12 - 12.32      (b) pH 1.12 - 3.12      (c) pH 11.32 - 13.32  
(d) pH 7.21 - 9.21      (e) pH 6.21-8.21

7. Which **one** of the following conjugate acid-base pairs would be the **best** choice to make a pH 3.0 buffer? [Spring 02, ex 2]
- (a)  $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3 / \text{NaHCO}_3$
  - (b)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H} / \text{Na}[\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2]$
  - (c)  $\text{NaHSO}_4 / \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$
  - (d)  $\text{ClCH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{H} / \text{Na}[\text{ClCH}_2\text{CO}_2]$
  - (e)  $\text{H}_3\text{BO}_3 / \text{NaH}_2\text{BO}_3$

Answers: 1 d, 2 e, 3 b, 4 c, 5 e, 6 e, 7 d.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### Some $K_a$ Values at 25 °C

	$K_{a1}$	$K_{a2}$	$K_{a3}$
$\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	$1.8 \times 10^{-5}$		
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	$6.3 \times 10^{-5}$		
$\text{ClCH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{H}$	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$		
$\text{H}_3\text{BO}_3$	$5.8 \times 10^{-10}$		
$\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3$	$4.3 \times 10^{-7}$	$5.6 \times 10^{-11}$	
$\text{HNO}_2$	$4.5 \times 10^{-4}$		
$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$	$7.5 \times 10^{-3}$	$6.2 \times 10^{-8}$	$4.8 \times 10^{-13}$
$\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$	very large	$1.2 \times 10^{-2}$	
$\text{HF}$	$3.5 \times 10^{-4}$		

### Some $K_b$ values at 25 °C

	$K_b$
$\text{NH}_3$	$1.8 \times 10^{-5}$
$\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2$	$3.7 \times 10^{-4}$
$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$	$6.4 \times 10^{-4}$
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$	$1.8 \times 10^{-9}$
$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{11}\text{N}$	$1.3 \times 10^{-3}$
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$	$4.0 \times 10^{-10}$